

Disputes and Arbitration (55 to 56)

(2) If the amount due under the award is not forthwith recovered, or the order thereunder is not carried out, it shall be forwarded to the Registrar with an application for execution along with all information required by the Registrar, for the issue of certificate under Section 71. The applicant shall state whether he desires to execute the award through a Civil Court or through the revenue authorities as provided under Section 71.

(3) On receipt of such application for execution, the Registrar shall forward the same to the proper authority for execution along with a certificate issued by him under Section 71 and a proclamation issued under rule 54 in the manner prescribed therein.

56. Transfer of property which cannot be sold.—(1)

When in execution of an order sought to be executed under Section 71, any property cannot be sold for want of buyers, of such property is in the possession of the defaulters or of some person on his behalf or of some person claiming it under a title created by the defaulter subsequent to the issue of the certificate by the Registrar under clause (a) or (b) of the said section the officer conducting the execution shall as soon as practicable report the fact to the Court or the Collector or the Registrar, as the case may be, and the judgment creditor applying for the execution of the said order.

(2) On receipt of a report under sub-rule (1), the judgment creditor may, within six months from the date of the receipt of the report or within such further period as may for sufficient reasons be allowed in any particular case by the Court or the Collector or the

Registrar, submit an application in writing to the Court, the Collector or the Registrar, as the case may be stating whether or not he agrees to take over such property.

(3) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (2) notices, shall be issued to the defaulter and to all persons known to be interested in the property, including those whose names appear in the Record of Rights as persons holding any interest in the property, about the intended transfer.

(4) On receipt of such a notice, the defaulter, or any person owning such property, or holding an interest therein by virtue of a title acquired before the date of the issue of a certificate under Section 71, may, within one month from the date of the receipt of such notice, deposit with Court or the Collector or the Registrar, for payment to the foreman a sum equal to the amount due under the order sought to be executed together with interest thereon and such additional sum for payment of costs and other incidental expenses as may be determined in this behalf by the Court or the Collector or the Registrar, as the case may be.

(5) On failure of the defaulter, or any person interested, or any person holding any interest in the property, to deposit the amount under sub-rule (4), the Court or the Collector or the Registrar, as the case may be, shall direct the property to be transferred to the judgment creditor on the conditions stated in the certificate in form XIX.

(6) The certificate granted under sub-rule (5) shall state whether the property is transferred to the judgment creditor in full or partial satisfaction of the amount due to him from the defaulter.